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MODELS: Particulate Nature of Matter

CHAPTER ANALYSIS

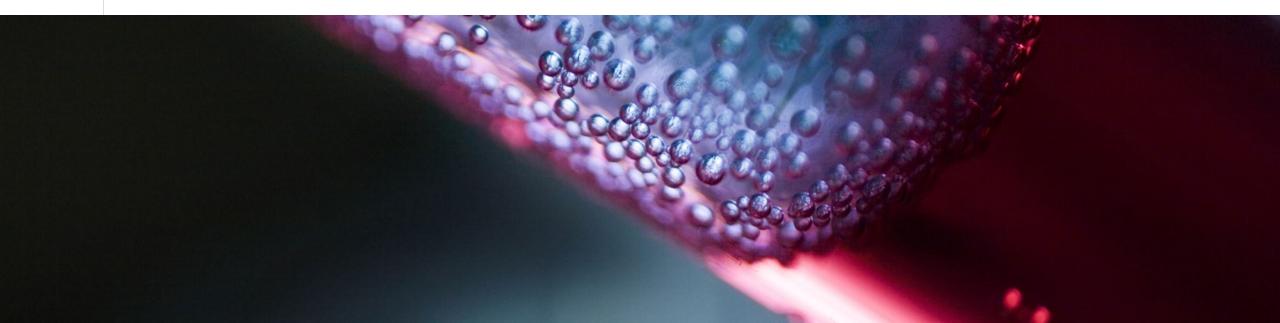


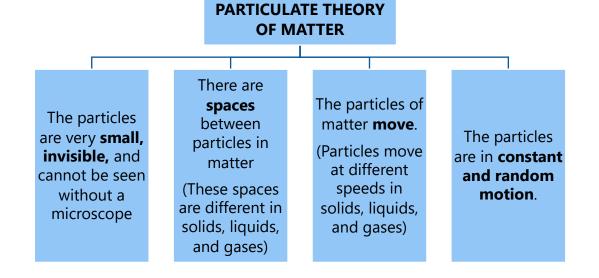
5 KEY CONCEPTS

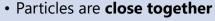
- Show an awareness that according to the Particulate Nature of Matter, matter is made up of small discrete particles which are in constant and random motion
- Show an understanding of the simple model of solids, liquids, and gases, in terms of arrangement and movement of particles
- Use models to explain melting and boiling in terms of conversion of the three states of matter
- Duse models to explain expansion and contraction, and the conservation of mass during these processes
- Compare the properties of solids, liquids, and gases in terms of arrangement and movement of particles



MATTER







Solid

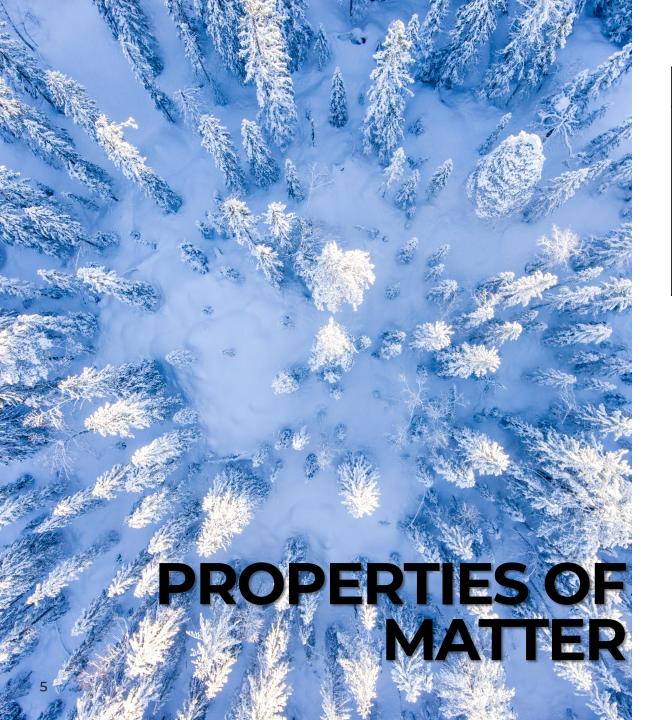
Liquid

Gas

- Particles are arranged in a fixed, regular pattern
- Particles cannot move freely but **constantly** vibrate in their fixed position
- Particles are close together but further apart compared to those in solids
- Particles are not arranged in a fixed, regular pattern
- Particles constantly move over short distances and slide across each other
- Particles are far apart
- Particles occupy all the space of the container
- Particles constantly move freely and randomly in all directions

PARTICULATE THEORY OF MATTER

4



PROPERTIES

Solids	Liquids	Gases
 Have a definite shape Have a definite volume Cannot be compressed Do not flow 	 Have no definite shape Have a definite volume Cannot be compressed Flow and take the shape of the container 	 Have no definite shape Have no definite volume Can be compressed Flow and spread in all directions to fill the container

SOLIDS

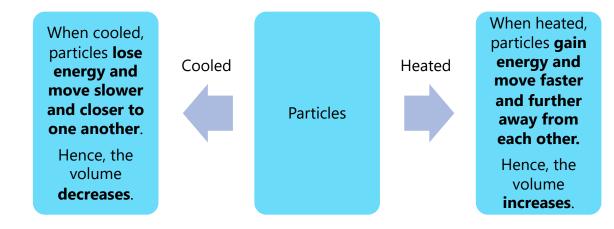
- **Definite shape, cannot flow**: particles cannot move freely and can only vibrate about fixed positions
- **Definite volume, cannot be compressed**: particles packed closely together and held in fixed positions

LIQUIDS

- No definite shape, can flow: particles are not in fixed positions and can slide over one another
- **Definite volume and cannot be compressed**: particles packed closely together (although not as close as those in solids)

GASES

- **No definite shape, can flow**: particles are far apart and move freely and randomly in all directions
- No definite volume and can be compressed: particles are far apart with lots of empty space in between

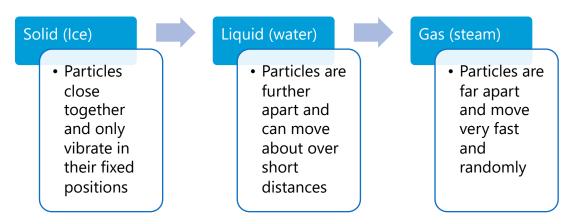


During expansion and contraction, only the distance between particles change. The **size and mass of particles do not change**.

CHANGES OF STATE

CHANGES OF

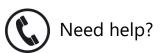
STATE



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