## TOPIC 6: FUNCTION



## FUNCTIONS \& GRAPHS

Cartesian coordinates of a point refer to a pair of numbers $(x, y)$ which specify the distance from the origin along the $x-y$ axis.

- x refers to the $x$-coordinate (along horizontal axis)
- $y$ refers to the $y$-coordinate (along vertical axis)



## Function line

Example: Draw the graph of $y=2 x-1$

- Step 1: Draw the table below (x coordinate points are up to you)

| $x$ | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $y=2 x-1$ | -1 | 1 | 3 | 5 |

- Step 2: Sub in the y-coordinate values using the given equation
- Step 3: Mark out the appropriate points on your sketch and draw a line to connect them


## Linear Functions

$$
y=m x+c
$$

where:
$\mathrm{m}=$ gradient
c = constant

## Gradient

$$
\frac{\text { change in } y-\text { coordinates }\left(y_{1}-y_{2}\right)}{\text { change in } x-\text { coordinates }\left(x_{1}-x_{2}\right)}
$$

To find the gradient of a line (example attached), follow these steps:


- Step 1: Find the cartesian coordinates of 2 points on the graph $(1,1)$ and $(5,-2)$
- Step 2: Apply the formula above, $\frac{1-(-2)}{1-5}=-\frac{3}{4}$ (answer)
$\qquad$


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